

Note: Attempt all questions of Section-A by filling the corresponding bubble on the MCQ ANSWER SHEET and return it to the Superintendent within given time, even if you have not attempted any question. Cutting, erasing and overwriting will be awarded no marks.

Time: 20 minutes

Section A

Marks: 12

1. Attempt all questions of Section-A by filling the corresponding bubble on the MCQ ANSWER SHEET and return it to the Superintendent within given time, even if you have not attempted any question. Cutting, erasing and overwriting will be awarded no marks.
- Atomic number is represented by _____ A) A B) Z C) J D) IN
 - Deuterium (hydrogen isotope) has _____ neutron(s). A) One B) two C) Three D) four
 - The maximum number of electrons in the third energy level is _____ A) 1 B) 18 C) 32 D) 64
 - There are _____ periods in period table. A) 5 B) 6 C) 7 D) 8
 - The ability of an atom to attract electron (s) or shared pair of electrons towards itself is called _____. A) electro negativity B) electro positivity C) electron affinity D) Shielding effect
 - CaCl₂ has _____ bond. A) metallic B) covalent C) coordinate D) ionic
 - Diamond is an allotrope of _____. A) carbon B) Oxygen C) Sulphur D) boron
 - BCl₃ has _____ structure. A) an angular B) a triangular C) a tetrahedral D) none of these
 - Ink spreads in water because of _____. A) Vapour pressure B) expansion C) diffusion D) compressibility of H₂O
 - The oxidation number of Mn in KMnO₄ is _____. A) +2 B) +3 C) +4 D) +7
 - Which of the following is alkaline earth metals? A) C B) Mg C) Al D) Si
 - The oxide of Calcium CaO is _____. A) acidic B) basic C) amphoteri D) neutral

BN-IX-XIX-I
CHEMISTRY — 9th

Time: 2 Hours 40 Minutes

SECTION-B

Marks: 32

2. Attempt any eight of the following. All carry equal marks.

- i. Differentiate between elements and compounds with examples.
- ii. Find out the molecular mass of C_6H_6 (atomic mass: C=12, H=01).
- iii. Find out the electronic configuration of: Na^{11} and Cl^{17}
- iv. Write down four uses of isotopes.
- v. Why S-block elements have two groups only?
- vi. Why do atoms form chemical bonds?
- vii. Give four physical properties of ionic compounds.
- viii. Why gases are compressible but solids are not? Give reason.
- ix. Differentiate between solution and suspension.
- x. What are strong and weak electrolytes? Support your answer with examples.
- xi. Write four uses of sodium metal.

SECTION-C

Marks: 21

NOTE: Attempt any three of the following questions. All questions carry equal marks.

3.
 - i. What do you understand by the terms mole and avogadro's number? Explain these with suitable examples.
 - ii. Discuss the isotopes of hydrogen.
4.
 - i. Explain electron affinity and its trends in modern periodic table.
 - ii. Discuss dipole-dipole interaction with least one example.
5.
 - i. What are solids? Differentiate between amorphous and crystalline solids.
 - ii. Explain any three factors affecting solubility.
6.
 - i. Elaborate the difference between oxidation and reduction reactions with examples.
 - ii. What is corrosion? Explain rusting of iron as an example.