

Time allowed: 3 Hrs Code: 11

Physics (Part – II)
Fresh / Reappear

Fic. No.....

Marks: 85

Note: There are three sections of the paper, A, B & C. Attempt Section – A on the same paper and return it to the Superintendent within the given time. No marks will be awarded for cutting, erasing or over writing. Mobile phone etc. are not allowed in the examination hall.

Time: 20 Mins

Section "A"

Marks: 18

Q.1 Write the correct option i.e. A, B, C or D in the empty box provided opposite each part.

- i. The S.I unit of the "activity" is
A. Curie B. Becquerel C. Henry D. Tesla A
- ii. The ionization energy of hydrogen atom is
A. 13.6 KeV B. 13.6 MeV C. 13.6 GeV D. 13.6 eV D
- iii. In Helium – Neon laser discharge tube is filled withhelium.
A. 15% B. 60% C. 40% D. 85% D
- iv. The dielectric materials are made up oftypes of molecules.
A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five A
- v. One volt per one ampere is equal to
A. Farad B. Ohm C. Ampere D. Henry B
- vi. A moving charge is surrounded byfields.
A. two B. Three C. Four D. Five A
- vii. $V.s.A^{-1}$ is equal to
A. Tesla B. Weber C. Henry D. Gauss C
- viii. Bottom quark carries charge
A. $\frac{2}{3}e$ B. $\frac{1}{3}e$ C. $-\frac{1}{3}e$ D. $\frac{2}{3}e$ C
- ix. Dipole moment $P =$
A. qd B. cv C. $\frac{s.A}{d}$ D. Ad A
- x. Radiant convertsdirectly into electrical energy.
A. Heat B. Sunlight C. Chemical energy D. Mechanical energy B
- xi. In a pure capacitance, current leads the voltage by
A. 0° B. 45° C. 90° D. 120° C
- xii. The value of permeability of free space is $\mu_0 =$
A. $4\pi \times 10^{-7} WbA^{-1}m^{-1}$ B. $3\pi \times 10^{-7} Wb.A^{-1}m^{-1}$ C. $2\pi \times 10^{-7} WbA^{-1}m^{-1}$ D. $5\pi \times 10^{-7} Wb.A^{-1}.m^{-1}$ A
- xiii. There areelastic moduli.
A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five A
- xiv. Strain energy per unit volume =
A. $\frac{1}{2}$ (stress x strain) B. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{Fxc}{Al} \right)$ C. $\frac{1}{2}$ (Fxc) D. A & B both C
- xv. The ratio of collector current I_c and base current I_B is called asfactor.
A. Alpha B. Beta C. Gamma D. Q-factor B
- xvi. A solar cell is also ajunction.
A. NP B. NPN C. PN D. PNP B
- xvii. The plank's constant is given by $h =$
A. $6.626 \times 10^{-34} Js$ B. $6.626 \times 10^{34} Js$ C. $6.626 \times 10^{-34} j$ D. $6.626 \times 10^{-34} Nm^{-1}$ A
- xviii. Pair production occurs only when energy of photon is at least equal to
A. 1.02eV B. 1.02GeV C. 1.02KeV D. 1.02 MeV D

Section "B"

Marks: 40

Q.2 Attempt any TEN parts. Each part carries equal marks.

- I. What are the magnetic properties of a material?
- II. What is the relation between alpha and beta factors?
- III. An electron and proton are accelerated from rest through the same potential difference. Which particles has the longer wave length? Explain.
- IV. What are the basic postulates of Bohr model of hydrogen atom?
- V. What is the difference between Gamma emission and Alpha emission?
- VI. The electric potential is constant through a given region of space. Is the electric field zero or non-zero in this region? Explain.
- VII. Under what circumstances can terminal P.D of a battery exceed its em.f?
- VIII. What is the cyclotron frequency of a charged particle of mass 'm' charge 'q' moving in the magnetic field 'B'?
- IX. Show that the relationship $\epsilon = \frac{\Delta\phi}{\Delta t}$ is dimensionally correct.
- X. What is the difference between ultraviolet and Infrared radiations?
- XI. What is solar cell? Explain briefly.
- XII. Discuss briefly time dilation and mass dilation.
- XIII. Briefly discuss the relation between hydrogen atom and De-Broglie waves.

Section "C"

Marks: 27

Note: Answer any THREE questions. All questions carries equal marks.

Q.3 a. Describe the statement of four Maxwell's equations. Use Maxwell's theory to show that

$$E = \frac{A}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{\Delta B}{\Delta t}$$

b. Find the mass defect and binding energy for helium nucleus.

Q.4 a. What is capacitor? Explain its construction? Derive an expression for the energy stored in a capacitor.

b. An electron is in the first Bohr orbit of hydrogen. Find the speed of electron in the orbit.

Q.5 a. What is electrical resistance on what factor does it depends and show that $\alpha = \frac{R_T - R_0}{R_0 T}$?

b. A wire carrying current 20mA experiences force of 5N in a uniform field. What is the force on it when current rises to 35mA?

Q.6 Write note on any two topics.

I. Transformer

II. Magnetic hysteresis

III. Electric potential.