

**PRINCIPLES OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER STUDIES) (NEW SCHEME)**  
**(COMMERCE GROUP) PAPER-II(i)**

TIME ALLOWED: 1.45 Hours

SUBJECTIVE

MAXIMUM MARKS: 40

**NOTE: - Write same question number and its part number on answer book,  
as given in the question paper.**

**SECTION-I**

2. **Attempt any six parts.**

**6 × 2 = 12**

- (i) Describe the relationship of software and hardware.
- (ii) Define Hybrid Computer.
- (iii) Do all the computers contain a processing unit?
- (iv) List out some activities of Control Unit.
- (v) List some examples of pointing devices. ( any two)
- (vi) What is the basic unit of data storage?
- (vii) Define Computer Software.
- (viii) Define High-level Language.
- (ix) Define Bug and Debugging.

3. **Attempt any six parts.**

**6 × 2 = 12**

- (i) What is Octal Number System?
- (ii) Find 1's complement of 10111001.
- (iii) Define Disk Checking.
- (iv) Write any three guidelines for flowcharting.
- (v) How would you load program in BASIC?
- (vi) What is a Constant?
- (vii) Define Relational Expression.
- (viii) Define Nested Loop.
- (ix) Differentiate between Inner and Outer Loop.

**SECTION-II**

**NOTE: - Attempt any two questions.**

**2 x 8 = 16**

4. What are different types of Computers? Explain with examples.
5. Describe the different components of CPU and their working.
6. Discuss different types of constant in BASIC.

**PRINCIPLES OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER STUDIES)**  
**(COMMERCE GROUP) PAPER-II(i)**

(NEW SCHEME)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Minutes

**OBJECTIVE**

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

**Note:** You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct, fill that bubble in front of that question number. Use marker or pen to fill the bubbles. Cutting or filling two or more bubbles will result in zero mark in that question. Attempt as many questions as given in objective type question paper and leave others blank. No credit will be awarded in case BUBBLES are not filled. Do not solve questions on this sheet of OBJECTIVE PAPER.

**Q.No.1**

- (1) The value of analog quantities is:-  
 (A) Discrete (B) Unique (C) Continuous (D) Digital
- (2) The RAM stands for:-  
 (A) Read Access Memory (B) Random Access Memory  
 (C) Read All Memory (D) Random All Memory
- (3) An example of input device is:-  
 (A) Mouse (B) Monitor (C) Printer (D) Speaker
- (4) Laser printer is an example of:-  
 (A) Non-impact (B) Impact (C) Inkjet (D) Dot matrix
- (5) The lowest level of programming language is:-  
 (A) FORTRAN (B) Pascal (C) C (D) Machine Language
- (6) The types of language translator are:-  
 (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5
- (7) The number of digits in Octal System is:-  
 (A) 8 (B) 10 (C) 16 (D) 100
- (8) The process of finding and removing errors in program is called:-  
 (A) Debugging (B) Compiling (C) Executing (D) Formatting
- (9) A memory location with some data that can not be changed is called:-  
 (A) Keyword (B) Character (C) Variable (D) Constant
- (10) A loop within loop is called:-  
 (A) Complex loop (B) Infinite loop (C) Nested loop (D) Simple loop

**BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, MULTAN**  
**OBJECTIVE KEY FOR INTERMEDEAT ANNUAL/SUPPLY EXAMINATION, 2018'**

Name of Subject: Computer Studies Session: 2016-2018  
(Commerce Group)

Q.Nos	Paper Code	Paper Code	Paper Code	Paper Code
	4581			
1	A			
2	B			
3	A			
4	A			
5	D			
6	B			
7	A			
8	A			
9	D			
10	C			
11				
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